

From Gaudin Integrable Models to d -dimensional Multipoint Conformal Blocks

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based on I.B, S. Lacroix, J. A. Mann, L. Quintavalle and
V. Schomerus, [2009.11882]

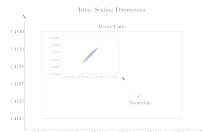
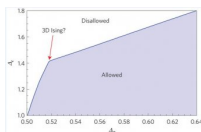
Conformal bootstrap

Conformal bootstrap = constrain CFTs using channel duality
 Usually, crossing symmetry of four-point functions

$$\sum_{s \in S} C_{12s} C_{s34} \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \diagup \\ \text{---} s \text{---} \\ \diagdown \\ 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \diagdown \\ \text{---} \\ \diagup \\ 4 \end{array} = \sum_{t \in S} C_{23t} C_{t41} \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \diagdown \\ \text{---} t \text{---} \\ \diagup \\ 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ \diagdown \\ 4 \end{array}$$

In practice, crossing is studied for a few simplest operators

Remarkable
numerical results

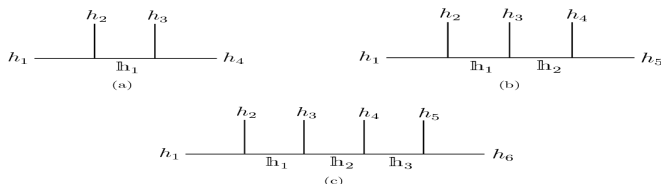


Also successful analytic studies → lightcone bootstrap

Higher-point correlation functions

All four-point functions: sufficient, but not efficient

Idea: study higher-point correlators of simple operators



Difficulty: Many conformal invariants

$$\# = \frac{1}{2}m(m-3) + d(N-m), \quad m = \min(N, d+2)$$

so not clear how to compute conformal blocks. This talk:

Higher-point blocks = eigenfunctions of Gaudin Hamiltonians!

In need of Hamiltonians

Origin: N -point functions = invariants in the N -fold tensor product of principal series reps [Isachenkov, Schomerus, Sobko]

$$G_N(x_i) \in (\pi_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \pi_N)^G.$$

We need operators that commute with the diagonal action of G .

Gaudin model: Lie algebra $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{so}(d+1, 1)$, numbers $z_1, \dots, z_N \in \mathbb{C}$

Observables: $\mathcal{A} = U(\mathfrak{g})^{\otimes N} = \langle X_a^{(i)} \rangle \rightarrow \pi_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \pi_N$

Lax matrix and Gaudin Hamiltonians (GHs)

$$\mathcal{L}_a(z) = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{X_a^{(i)}}{z - z_i}, \quad \mathcal{H}_p(z) = \frac{1}{p} \tau^{a_1 \dots a_p} \mathcal{L}_{a_1}(z) \dots \mathcal{L}_{a_p}(z) + \dots$$

Commute between themselves and also with the diagonal action

$$[\mathcal{H}_p(z), \mathcal{H}_q(w)] = 0, \quad \left[\sum_{i=1}^N X_a^{(i)}, \mathcal{H}_p(z) \right] = 0.$$

Example: Five-point functions

Question: Do GHs include [Dolan-Osborn](#) operators?

$$C_p^{(ij)} = \frac{1}{p} \kappa_p^{a_1 \dots a_p} (X_{a_1}^{(i)} + X_{a_1}^{(j)}) \dots (X_{a_p}^{(i)} + X_{a_p}^{(j)}) \equiv \frac{1}{p} \kappa_p^{ab} X_{a_1}^{(ij)} \dots X_{a_p}^{(ij)}$$

Yes! Fix the parameters

$$z_1 = 0, \quad z_2 = \omega, \quad z_3 = \omega^2, \quad z_4 = 1, \quad z_5 = \infty,$$

take the limit $\omega \rightarrow 0$ and rescale $\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_p(z) = \omega^p \mathcal{H}_p(\omega z)$

$$C_p^{(12)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} z^p \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_p(z^p), \quad C_p^{(45)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} z^p \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_p(z^p).$$

Four such operators and the [vertex operator](#)

$$\mathcal{V}_4 = \frac{\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_4(1/2)}{16} + \dots = \kappa_4^{a_1 \dots a_4} (X_{a_1}^{(12)} - X_{a_1}^{(3)}) \dots (X_{a_4}^{(12)} - X_{a_4}^{(3)})$$

Corresponds to the choice of tensor structures at the vertex of the OPE diagram - characterised by the equation $Ht_n = \tau_n t_n$

Summary and outlook

Result:

1. Multipoint conformal blocks = Gaudin eigenfunctions
2. Distinguished basis of tensor structures at the vertex
3. Today: $N = 5$ but can extend to any N

Goal: Solution theory

1. Double lightcone limit $x_{i,i+1}^2 = 0 \rightarrow$ eigenvalue eqn for H
2. Lightcone limit $x_{12}^2 = x_{45}^2 = 0 \rightarrow$ 3 variable problem
3. Points in general position

First application: Lightcone bootstrap for five-point functions

There is a lot to explore: relations to Wilson loops, defects, the role of Appell functions... can't wait to get back to it!

The End

